

## ANCIENT GREECE

**Section 5 Quiz****A. Terms, People, and Places**

Fill in the blank in each sentence with the letter of a word, name, or phrase from the box. Not all the words in the box will be used.

- In a \_\_\_\_\_ solar system, the sun, not the earth, is at the center.
- Today's doctors take an oath based on the ideas of \_\_\_\_\_.
- The murder of a public figure is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- In 359 B.C., \_\_\_\_\_ gained the throne of Mycenae.
- The city of \_\_\_\_\_ was a center of learning and the arts.

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|---|
| <p>a. Alexander the Great</p> <p>b. Phillip II</p> <p>c. assassination</p> <p>d. assimilate</p> <p>e. Alexandria</p> <p>f. heliocentric</p> <p>g. Hippocrates</p> |
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**B. Main Ideas**

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. After conquering Greece, Philip II's dream was to
- spread Greek culture throughout the world.
  - conquer territories north of Greece.
  - build the world's largest fleet of ships.
  - conquer the Persian empire.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Alexander's career as a conqueror came to a halt
- when his army was defeated by an Indian army.
  - when he died at the early age of 32.
  - when he was assassinated at a wedding.
  - because three generals divided up his empire.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Alexander's most lasting achievement was
- the creation of a huge empire.
  - the defeat of the Persians.
  - the spread of Greek culture.
  - the invention of modern medicine.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. In his empire, Alexander encouraged
- a blending of cultures.
  - direct democracy.
  - the spread of Christianity and Judaism.
  - the use of the Hellenistic language.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Pythagoras and Euclid were outstanding Hellenistic
- physicians.
  - military commanders.
  - mathematicians.
  - inventors.