A. Terms, People, and Places

Fill in the blank in each sentence with the letter of a word, name, or phrase from the box. Not all the terms in the box will be used. Each can be used only once.

1. A _____ is a government run by religious leaders.
   a. indulgence  
b. Martin Luther  
c. Wittenberg  
d. Charles V  
e. diet  
f. John Calvin  
g. predestination  
h. Geneva  
i. theocracy

2. Martin Luther was called to a _____, or meeting of German princes.
   a. indulgence  
b. Martin Luther  
c. Wittenberg  
d. Charles V  
e. diet  
f. John Calvin  
g. predestination  
h. Geneva  
i. theocracy

3. The idea that God has already determined who will be saved is called _____.
   a. indulgence  
b. Martin Luther  
c. Wittenberg  
d. Charles V  
e. diet  
f. John Calvin  
g. predestination  
h. Geneva  
i. theocracy

4. Martin Luther first announced his opposition to the Catholic Church in the city of _____.
   a. indulgence  
b. Martin Luther  
c. Wittenberg  
d. Charles V  
e. diet  
f. John Calvin  
g. predestination  
h. Geneva  
i. theocracy

5. An _____ was a way of buying entry into heaven.
   a. indulgence  
b. Martin Luther  
c. Wittenberg  
d. Charles V  
e. diet  
f. John Calvin  
g. predestination  
h. Geneva  
i. theocracy

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

_____ 6. Which of the following was a factor leading to the Reformation?
   a. the belief that the Pope should support the Renaissance
   b. anger at the worldliness of the Church
   c. a desire to set up a theocracy in Wittenberg
   d. the hope that the Church would sell more indulgences

_____ 7. What is one belief Luther held that differed from Church practices?
   a. He believed Christians could be saved only by faith.
   b. He believed the Church should sell more indulgences.
   c. He supported Johann Tetzel.
   d. He opposed translating the Bible.

_____ 8. Luther’s ideas spread mostly in
   a. France and Spain.  
b. Italy.  
c. northern Germany and Flanders.  
d. Germany and Scandinavia.

_____ 9. John Calvin believed the world was divided into
   a. Catholics and Christians.  
b. saints and sinners.  
c. Huguenots and Protestants.  
d. Calvinists and Lutherans.

_____ 10. To escape religious persecution, some Calvinists
   a. became Catholics.
   b. moved to France.
   c. became followers of Ulrich Zwingli.
   d. sailed to the Americas.