WORLD WAR I AND THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

Section 1 Quiz

A. Terms, People, and Places

Match the descriptions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

Column I

1. a non-binding agreement to follow common policies
2. glorification of the military
3. provinces claimed by both Germany and France
4. a final demand
5. the policy of not taking sides in a war

Column II

a. ultimatum
b. neutrality
c. entente
d. militarism
e. Alsace and Lorraine

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

6. Which nations made up the Triple Alliance?
   a. Germany, Britain, France
   b. Germany, Italy, Austria-Hungary
   c. Germany, Russia, Austria-Hungary
   d. Germany, Britain, Russia

7. Which of the following was a major cause of rising international tensions in the early 1900s?
   a. the first modern Olympic games
   b. Britain’s small navy
   c. competition for colonial territories
   d. the First Universal Peace Conference

8. Why were Serbian nationalists angry when Francis Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary visited Bosnia?
   a. They did not want him to succeed to the throne.
   b. They wanted Bosnia to join the Russian empire.
   c. They thought he supported the Slavs over the Serbs.
   d. They saw the Austrians as oppressive foreign rulers.

9. For which of the following reasons did Russia join in World War I?
   a. Austria declared war on Serbia, and Russia was its ally.
   b. Russia did not want Germany and Austria to gain new lands.
   c. The British government asked Nicholas II to take sides.
   d. William II sent an insulting telegram to Nicholas II.

10. What was the Schlieffen Plan designed to avoid?
    a. Britain’s involvement in the war
    b. a war on two fronts
    c. a war with Belgium
    d. an alliance with Russia